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Nichtgleichgewichtsdynamik kondensierter Materie in der Zeitdomäne

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X-ray Absorption and Scattering Spectroscopy in Solids from Many-Body Perturbation Theory

Christian Vorwerk

Institut für Physik and IRIS Adlershof, Humboldt-Universität zu Berlin, Berlin, Germany and European Theoretical Spectroscopic Facility (ETSF)

X-ray absorption and inelastic scattering spectroscopy reveal the electronic and structural properties in crystalline materials on the atomic scale through the excitation of tightly-bound electronic core states. The determination of these spectra from first principles requires an accurate description of the electron-core hole interaction, which is typically screened by the surrounding many-electron system. In the approach [1] presented here, core excitations are determined through the solution of the Bethe-Salpeter equation (BSE), which includes the full non-local screened interaction between electron and core hole. Our implementation in the exciting [2] package makes use of Kohn- Sham single-particle energies and wavefunctions for both the core and conduction region, which are obtained from all-electron full-potential DFT calculations on equal footing. To demonstrate our approach, we discuss core spectra of selected bulk materials, ranging from simple oxides, like CaO [1], to complex systems, such as hybrid organic-inorganic perovskites. Our results, in good agreement with available experimental data, provide an in-depth analysis of the excitations, revealing their origin in the band structure and their real-space localization.

References

- [1] C. Vorwerk, C. Cocchi, and C. Draxl, Phys. Rev. B 95, 155121 (2017).
- [2] A. Gulans et al., J. Phys. Condens. Matter 26, 363202 (2014).

Für diese Zeit steht eine Kinderbetreuung nach vorheriger Anmeldung zur Verfügung.

Contact: Prof. Dr. Björn Sothmann, Faculty of Physics Phone: +49 (203) 379-1578 / Mail: bjoerns@thp.uni-due.de