



Self-Mixing Amplifier for CW Sensors

Master thesis presentation

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Motivation

- **D**10 MHz Single Stage Amplifier Analysis
- Design and Measurement of 10 GHz Self-Mixing Amplifier







Background

Nonlinear Fundamentals

Mixer Fundamentals

Motivation - Background





• CW Sensor

Traditional transmitter and receiver designs



Motivation - Background





• New concept



Motivation – Nonlinear Fundamentals





• Nonlinear network analysis

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{v}_{\text{out}} &= \mathbf{a}_{0} + \mathbf{a}_{1} \mathbf{v}_{\text{in}} + \mathbf{a}_{2} \mathbf{v}_{\text{in}}^{2} + \mathbf{a}_{3} \mathbf{v}_{\text{in}}^{3} + \dots \\ \mathbf{a}_{0} &= \mathbf{v}_{\text{out}} (\mathbf{0}) \\ \mathbf{a}_{1} &= \frac{d\mathbf{v}_{\text{out}}}{d\mathbf{v}_{\text{in}}} \bigg|_{\mathbf{v}_{\text{in}}=\mathbf{0}} \quad \mathbf{a}_{2} &= \frac{d^{2} \mathbf{v}_{\text{out}}}{d\mathbf{v}_{\text{in}}^{2}} \bigg|_{\mathbf{v}_{\text{in}}=\mathbf{0}} \quad \mathbf{a}_{3} &= \frac{d^{3} \mathbf{v}_{\text{out}}}{d\mathbf{v}_{\text{in}}^{3}} \bigg|_{\mathbf{v}_{\text{in}}=\mathbf{0}} \end{aligned}$$

If $v_{in} = V_0 \cos \omega_0 t$, the output voltage is $v_{out} = (a_0 + \frac{1}{2}a_2 V_0^2) + (a_1 V_0 + \frac{3}{4}a_3 V_0^3) \cos \omega_0 t + \frac{1}{2}a_2 V_0^2 \cos 2\omega_0 t + \dots$

Motivation – Nonlinear Fundamentals





• Voltage gain (retained to the third order) $G_v = a_1 + \frac{3}{4}a_3 V_0^2$ • 1 dB-Compression Point



Motivation – Mixer Fundamentals





• Down conversion $f_{IF} = f_{RF} - f_{LO}$

Conversion Loss

$$L_{c} = 10\log \frac{P_{RF}}{P_{IF}} > 0dE$$

• Variation of FET Output Conductance



Motivation – Mixer Fundamentals





• Drain current

$$i(t) = g(t) v_{RF} (t) = V_{RF} [g_0 \cos\omega_{RF} t + 2\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} g_n \cos\omega_{LO} t \cos\omega_{RF} t]$$
$$= V_{RF} [g_0 \cos\omega_{RF} t + 2\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} g_n [\cos(\omega_{RF} + n\omega_{LO}) t + \cos(\omega_{RF} - n\omega_{LO}) t]]$$

10 MHz Single Stage Amplifier Analysis





■ Simulation

Measurement





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• Mixer Characteristics





• Mixer Characteristics





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20

10 MHz Single Stage Amplifier <u>Analysis – Measurement</u>

≥50Ω

50Ω **→**

Methods of Measurement

 u_{50}

- Spectrum Analyzer
- Oscilloscope

 Z_{IF}

 u_0

Oscilloscope – IF signal

$$P_{out} [dBm] = 10 \log \frac{P_{out}}{1mW}$$
$$P_{out} = \frac{u_{50 rms}^{2}}{50 \Omega}$$
$$Z_{IF} = \frac{u_{0}}{u_{50}} 50 \Omega - 50 \Omega$$

Ρ











• Measurement with a Spectrum Analyzer

| Unit | | LO, RF and IF signal [dBm] | | | | | | | | | Conversion | n I | Loss [dB] | | |
|--------|-----------|----------------------------|-----------------|----|-----------|---|------------------|----|-----------|---|-----------------|-----|-----------|---|--------------------|
| | | LO signal | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| DE | | 0 | | | 4 | 5 | | | 1 | 0 | | | 1 | 5 | \rightarrow |
| signal | IF signal | C | onversi Loss | on | IF signal | С | onversio Loss | on | IF signal | C | onversi Loss | on | IF signal | C | Conversion Loss |
| -10 | -34.2 | | 24.2 | | -26.4 | | 16.4 | | -23.2 | | 13.2 | | -21.0 | | 11.0 |
| -15 | -39.4 | | 24.4 | | -32.2 | | 17.2 | | -28.3 | | 13.3 | | -26.3 | | 11.3 |
| -20 | -44.9 | | 24.9 | | -37.3 | | 17.3 | | -33.3 | | 13.3 | | -31.3 | | 11.3 |
| -25 | -47.8 | | 22.8 | | -413 | | 16.3 | | -38.2 | | 13.2 | | -36.3 | | 11.3 |
| -30 | -52.3 | | 22.3 | | -46.7 | | 16.7 | | -43.3 | | 13.3 | | -41.5 | | 11.5 |
| -40 | - | | | | - | | | | -53.5 | | 13.5 | | -51.5 | | 11.5 |







• Measurement with an Oscilloscope

| | | RF Signal [dBm] | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------|------|-----------------|--------------------|--|-------------|-----------------|--------|--|--|--|--|
| LO Signal [dBm] | | -10 | | | | | | | | | |
| | | Open[mV] | 50Ω [mV] Impedance | | npedance[Ω] | Output Power[dB | | | | | |
| | 0 | 9.84 | 4.52 | | 58.85 | | -33.88 | | | | |
| | 5 | 22.77 | 10.90 | | 54.45 | | -26.24 | | | | |
| | 10 | 31.91 | 15.51 | | 52.87 | | -23.18 | | | | |
| | , 15 | 40.98 | 19.95 | | 52.63 | | -20.10 | | | | |







 Measurement of the Amplifier Output Conductance (RF Input Conductance)

| Input Power[dBm] | v_in[mV] | v_out[mV] | v_out_50Ω [mV] | $Z[\Omega]$ | <i>G</i> [mS] |
|------------------|----------|------------|-------------------|-------------|---------------|
| -30 | 15 | 332 | 147 | 62.98 | 15.9 |
| -25 | 26 | 580 | 258 | 62.33 | 16.0 |
| -20 | 49 | 990 | 453 | 59.38 | 16.8 |
| -15 | 86 | 1.54 *10^3 | 707 | 59 | 16.9 |
| -10 | 155 | 2.03 *10^3 | 1.00 *10^3 | 51.5 | 19.4 |
| -5 | 271 | 2.70 *10^3 | 1.26 *10^3 | 57.14 | 17.5 |
| -3 | 336 | 2.77 *10^3 | 1.28 *10^3 | 58.20 | 17.2 |







Design and Simulation

Measurement

- Transistor Selection & Operating Point
- Bias network Design



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Stability Analysis



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• Input and output matching and Overall Amplifier

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D U I S B U R G E S S E N







• Input and output matching and Overall Amplifier









- Design and Simulation

• Input and output matching and Overall Amplifier







• Input and output matching and Overall Amplifier



Design and Measurement of 10 GHz Self-Mixing Amplifier

– Design and Simulation

• RF Input Conductance



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D U I S B U R G E S S E N

Eqn g1=I_Probe1.i/Vout

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• 1 dB Compression Point



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Design and Measurement of 10 GHz Self-Mixing Amplifier





– Design and Simulation

• IF Signal



Design and Measurement of 10 GHz Self-Mixing Amplifier





<u>– Measurement</u>

• Implementation







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Design and Measurement of 10 GHz Self-Mixing Amplifier





- Measurement

• Measurement of 1 dBm-Compression Point

| Input Power[dBm] -10 -8 -6 -4 -2 0 | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|----------------------|-------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| | [nput Power[dBm] | -10 | -8 | -6 | -4 | -2 | 0 | 2 |
| Output -0.49 1.51 3.51 5.40 7.17 8.50 | Output Power[dBm] | -0.49 | 1.51 | 3.51 | 5.40 | 7.17 | 8.50 | 9.50 |



• Measurement of the Mixer Conversion Loss



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D U I S B U R G E S S E N





• Mixer Products (Spectrum Analyzer)

| | LO Signal[dBm] | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------|--------------------|------------------------|--------------------|------------------------|--------------------|------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| DE Signal | | 2 | | 0 | 2 | | | | | |
| [dBm] | IF Signal [dBm] | Conversion Loss[dB] | IF Signal [dBm] | Conversion Loss[dB] | IF Signal [dBm] | Conversion Loss[dB] | | | | |
| -10 | -30.79 | 20.79 | -27.00 | 17.00 | -24.50 | 14.50 | | | | |
| -15 | -36.99 | 21.99 | -32.10 | 17.10 | -29.97 | 14.97 | | | | |
| -20 | -40.51 | 20.51 | -38.52 | 18.52 | -35.10 | 15.10 | | | | |
| -25 | -45.70 | 20.70 | -43.00 | 18.00 | -39.03 | 14.03 | | | | |

• Mixer Products (Spectrum Analyzer)



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• Mixer Products (Oscilloscope) without C_2

| | | RF Signal [dBm] | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------|----|-----------------|---------|--------------|-------|-------------------|--------|--|--|--|
| LO Signal [dBm] | | -10 | | | | | | | | |
| | | Open[mV] | 50Ω[mV] | Impedance[Ω] | | Output Power[dBm] | | | | |
| | -2 | 68 | 40 | | 35.00 | | -23.98 | | | |
| | 0 | 98 | 60 | | 31.66 | | -20.46 | | | |
| | 2 | 104 | 64 | | 31.25 | | -19.89 | | | |





• Mixer Products (Oscilloscope) with C_2

| | RF Signal [dBm] | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------|-----------------|----------|--------------|-------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| LO Signal [dBm] | -10 | | | | | | | | | |
| | Open[mV] | 50Ω [mV] | Impedance[Ω] | Output Power[dBm] | | | | | | |
| -2 | 35 | 20 | 37.50 | -30.00 | | | | | | |
| 0 | 52 | 31 | 33.87 | -26.19 | | | | | | |
| 2 | 70 | 42 | 33.33 | -23.55 | | | | | | |





• Calculation of Impedance in Imagine Part

| Impedance[Ω] Measured without C_2 | Impedance[Ω] Measured with C_2 | $\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Impedance}[\boldsymbol{\Omega}] \\ \textbf{of } C_2 \end{array}$ |
|--|---|--|
| 35.00 | 37.50 | 13.46 |
| 31.66 | 33.87 | 12.03 |
| 31.25 | 33.33 | 11.58 |

Design and Measurement of 10 GHz Self-Mixing Amplifier





<u>– Measurement</u>

Conversion Loss

| LO Signal[dBm] | Conversion Loss[dB] |
|----------------|---------------------|
| -2 | 13.98 |
| 0 | 10.46 |
| 2 | 9.89 |

Conclusion





■ Larger LO Signal → Larger Output Signal Lower Output Impedance

■ The LO Signal depends on 1 dB-compression point

Feasibility of Self-Mixing Amplifier





Thank You for Your Attention